Class

Instructor

SECTION 12-6 Bonds

Bonds are issued by governments and large corporations to raise money. When you invest in bonds, you lend money to the corporation or government, and you are paid interest. When the bond matures, you receive the face value of the bond.

Annual Interest = Interest Rate × Face Value

Bond Cost = Percent \times Face Value

Annual Yield = Annual Interest
Bond Cost

Complete the table below. Round each percent to the nearest hundredth.

	Face Value of Bond	Quoted Price	Cost of Bond	Interest Rate	Annual Interest	Annual Yield
l.	\$10,000	98	\$ 9,800	8%	\$ 800.00	8.16%
2.	12,000	` 77	9,240	71/2%	900.00	9.74%
•	5,000	851/2	4,275	81/4%	412.50	9.65%
.	20,000	913/8	18,275	101/8%	2,025.00	11.08%
·Ĺ	40,000	851/4	34,100	12%	4,800.00	14.08%

- 6. Ralph Suarez purchases a \$9,000 bond at 881/4. It pays 6 percent annual interest.
 - a. What is the cost of the bond?
 - b. What is the annual interest earned?
 - c. What is the annual yield?
- 7. Eva Rhodes purchases a \$14,000 bond at 96¾. It pays 12½ percent annual interest.
 - a. What is the cost of the bond?
 - b. What is the annual interest earned?
 - c. What is the annual yield?
- 8. You use your savings to buy a \$1,500 bond at 82%. It pays 8¾ percent annual interest.
 - a. What is the cost of the bond?
 - b. What is the annual interest earned?
 - c. What is the annual yield?